## Maths planning document

## Teagues Bridge Primary school

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2023 \text { - Year } 3
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| Written on: | $30^{\text {th }}$ March 2020 |
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| Governor responsibility | Drew White |

This document supported by the CLIC maths program providing teaching and consolidation of mental strategies for mathematics and the white rose small steps for teaching sequences. Weeks are a guideline and should be adapted for the needs of the children. Time for consolidation is designed for recapping of previous units to ensure learning in committed to the long-term memory. This can also be used to teach areas of misconceptions.

## Mathematics $\ln$ tent

At Teagues Bridge, our intention is ambitious. We aim to create strong mathematicians who have the necessary skills and understanding to tackle mathematical challenges in varying contexts, including the ability to reason and apply their knowledge to solving problems. This should mean that children are able to apply their knowledge to everyday life and can aspire to achieve anything that they want. We want our pupils to have strong mental manipulation and to use written strategies when appropriate.

Our philosophy for mathematics is replacing an idea that maths is lots of rules and numbers with a study of patterns and connected ideas. In early years they will build a foundation of number understanding and representation through mainly concrete and pictorial representations. The approach will be supported by in depth questioning, throughout the school to develop mastery.
Use of CPA is encouraged to ensure the curriculum is accessible for all children and that they all have the opportunity and are able to demonstrate their understanding in a variety of ways. This will enable them to have a good understanding of maths and not just the ability to follow a procedure. We want to empower them to want to ask questions and want to find the answers.
Aims: The national curriculum for mathematics aims to ensure that all pupils:

- become fluent in the fundamentals of mathematics, including through varied and frequent practice with increasingly complex problems over time, so that pupils develop conceptual understanding and the ability to recall and apply knowledge rapidly and accurately.
- reason mathematically by following a line of enquiry, conjecturing relationships and generalisations, and developing an argument, justification or proof using mathematical language
- can solve problems by applying their mathematics to a variety of routine and nonroutine problems with increasing sophistication, including breaking down problems into a series of simpler steps and persevering in seeking solutions.
Mathematics is an interconnected subject in which pupils need to be able to move fluently between representations of mathematical ideas. The programmes of study are, by necessity, organised into apparently distinct domains, but pupils should make rich connections across mathematical ideas to develop fluency, mathematical reasoning and competence in solving increasingly sophisticated problems. They should also apply their mathematical knowledge to science and other subjects.

The expectation is that the majority of pupils will move through the programmes of study at broadly the same pace. However, decisions about when to progress should always be based on the security of pupils' understanding and their readiness to progress to the next stage. Pupils who grasp concepts rapidly should be challenged through being offered rich and sophisticated problems before any acceleration through new content. Those who are not sufficiently fluent with earlier material should consolidate their understanding, including through additional practice, before moving on.
Our lessons are structured to enable all children to achieve and have an opportunity to make progress with their learning. Each lesson begins with a CLIC maths activity, where they have chance to develop their mental strategies, secure number facts and number manipulation. They then develop their mathematical fluency with the teacher modelling and explaining before they have a go themselves. Children then have a reasoning/ problem solving activity which is a variation of the previous work to demonstrate they have mastered the objective. Children who are ready can then challenge themselves with a task that requires applying the learning to a greater depth. We have our own programme of study which is supported with schemes like White Rose to support.

## Year 3 - Yearly Overview

|  | $\begin{array}{l\|l} \text { E. } & \text { N } \\ \text { B } & \text { है } \\ \text { B } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & m \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { si } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm \\ & \frac{ \pm}{8} \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bullet \\ & \stackrel{H}{8} \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N} \\ & \stackrel{N}{8} \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \sigma \\ \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{8} \\ 3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 은 } \\ & \stackrel{y}{8} \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \stackrel{\text { N }}{8} \end{aligned}$ | ¢ | + |
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| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 走 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Number and place value <br> Counting, reading, writing and partitioning | Addition and subtraction to 1000 ( adding and subtracting I's 10 's and 100 's) and 3 digit numbers no exchange |  |  | Multiplication and division - repeated addition of equal groups <br> $X 3, x+$ and $\times 8$ timestables |  |  |  | Fractions: unit fractions |  |  | Measurement: length |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \frac{9}{5} \\ \frac{5}{6} \end{gathered}$ | Number and place value : estimating, comparing and ordering | Addition and subtraction adding/ subtracting across 10 Adding/ subtracting 2 digit numbers |  |  | Multiplication: 2 by I digit number |  | Fractions: non unit fractions Fractions on a number line |  |  | Measureme $n t$ : Perimeter | Measurement: Time |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { k } \\ & \text { जै } \end{aligned}$ | Addition and subtraction <br> Mixed add/ subtract, comparing/missing numbers | Divis dig | $2 \text { by I }$ <br> bers | Fractions: adding and subtracting fractions |  | Measurement : Moiney |  | Grometry : shape |  | Measurement: Mass and capacity |  | Statistics |  |

Year 3: Autumn term

| National curriculum objectives | Prior knowledge from year 2 | Learning outcomes (including WR steps) | Mathematical aspect | Vocabulary | Manipulatives | Problem solving resources |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - To read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words. | Knows to read and write numbers to 100 | Maths resources for teachers \| White <br> Rose Maths <br> Steps 1 to 5 <br> LO I know to represent numbers to IOO <br> Lo I know to represent numbers to 1000 | Place Value <br> reading, writing and ordering two- and threedigit numbers | hundreds (IOOs) <br> tens (IOs) <br> ones (Is) <br> place value | Place value charts <br> Place value counters <br> Base ten equipment <br> Numicon |  |
| - To recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number | Knows the properties of two-digit numbers | Steps 2, 4,7 and 8 | Place Value partitioning | hundreds (IOOs) <br> tens (IOs) <br> ones (Is) <br> place value | Place value charts <br> Place value counters | How Would We Count?* <br> Recognise the place value of each digit. |

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| (hundreds, tens, ones). | Knows that numbers can be partitioned and rearranged | LO I know to partition numbers to 100 <br> Lol know to partition numbers to 1000 <br> Lo l know how to partition numbers to IOOO in different ways <br> Lol know to represent 3 digit numbers using hundreds, tens and units. |  |  | (1) 10 <br> Base ten equipment <br> Numicon | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Coded Hundred } \\ & \text { Square }^{*} \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - To count from 0 in multiples of 4 , 8,50 and 100 , | Knows that counting can be done in varying step sizes. | Steps 3, 4, 9 and 10 . <br> Lol know how to count in multiples on a number line <br> Lol know to count in hundreds <br> Lol know how to find one, ten and hundred more or less. | Place value counting in different steps. | hundreds (IOOs) <br> tens (IOs) <br> ones (ls) <br> place value <br> count | Place value charts <br> Place value counters <br> Base ten equipment | Take Three <br> Numbers * 1 <br> Planning a School <br> Trip * <br> Number <br> Differences * G <br> Sitting Round the <br> Party Tables * <br> Number Match |


|  |  | Lo 1 know to count in <br> different steps on a <br> numberline. |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

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|  | 20. Fact families for + and - <br> Knows efficient strategies for adding and subtracting for up to two 2-digit numbers. <br> Knows that addition is inverse to subtraction. | Lo I know to add I's across a 10 . <br> Lol know to add 10 's across a 100 <br> Lol know to subtract I's across a 10 <br> Lo I know to subtract IO's across 100 . <br> Lol know to make connections between addition and subtraction |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - To add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using the efficient written methods of columnar addition and subtraction. | Knows the operation to use and chooses the efficient method. <br> Knows facts to 100 using multiples of IO. | Steps II and Step I2 <br> Lol know to add 2 numbers (no exchange) <br> Lol know to subtract 2 numbers (no exchange) | Addition and subtraction written methods | addition <br> subtraction <br> mental method <br> total <br> column <br> plus <br> add <br> minus <br> take away <br> count on | (1) 10 <br> (100). 1000 <br> Base ten equipment <br> Numicon | Play to 37 * G <br> Build it Up *I <br> Finding Fifteen ** <br> Domino Square ** <br> Got It ** G <br> Make 37 ** <br> 0 |

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| - To recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3,4 and 8 multiplication tables. | Knows the odds and evens in the times tables for 2,5 and 10 . <br> Knows table facts for 2,5 and 10 . <br> Know the test of divisibility for 2, 5 and $I O$. | Maths resources for teachers / White Rose Maths <br> Steps I-15 <br> LO I know to make equal groups <br> Lol know how to use arrays <br> Lo l know to how calculate multiples of 2 <br> Lol know how to calculate multiplies if 5 and 10 <br> Lo I know sharing and grouping <br> Lo I know to multiply by 3 <br> Lo I know to divide by 3 <br> Lol know and can recall my 3 times tables | Multiplication and division the facts | equal <br> multiply <br> divide <br> times-table <br> sharing <br> grouping <br> array <br> bar model <br> remainder <br> repeated addition <br> multiplication <br> sentence <br> division statement <br> division fact | Place value counters <br> (1) 10 <br> (100) 1,000 <br> Base ten equipment <br> Numicon <br> Multilink | Ordering Cards * <br> G <br> Music to My Ears |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

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|  |  | Lo 1 know my 3 timestables <br> Lo 1 know how to multiply by 4 <br> Lo I know how to divide by 4 <br> Lo 1 know the 4 times tables <br> Lol know how to multiply by 8 <br> Lol know how to divide by 8 <br> Lol know the 8 times tables <br> Lo I know the patterns within the 2, 4 and 8 timetables |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit | Knows that fractions are relative to the whole. <br> Knows that fractions are equal parts to the whole. | Maths resources for teachers \| White Rose Maths Step 1, 3 and 4 LOI know what the denominator in a | Fractions - unit and non unit fractions: representing, comparing and ordering | equal parts whole unit fraction equation integer numerator denominator represent | Fraction tiles <br> Cuisenaire rods |  |

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| fractions with small denominators | Knows simple equivalence in halves and quarters. Knows thirds are three equal parts of a whole. | unit fraction represents <br> LOI know what the numerator in a nonunit fraction represents <br> LO I know what the whole represents. |  | share <br> group | Fractions circles |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators | Knows that fractions of amounts can be calculated using multiplication and division facts | Maths resources for teachers \| White Rose Maths <br> Steps 2 and 4 <br> LO I know to compare and order unit fractions <br> LO I know to compare and order non-unit fractions | Fractions - unit and non unit fractions: comparing and ordering | equal parts whole unit fraction equation integer numerator denominator represent share group |  | Fraction Match * G Matching Fractions ${ }^{*}$ G |
| - Measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{mm}$ ); mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (l/ml) | Know how to measure a length, a mass, and a capacity in nonstandard units then standard units. | Maths resources for teachers / White Rose Maths <br> Steps 1-9 | Measurement : length | length <br> height <br> width <br> perimeter <br> distance <br> centimetre ( cm ) <br> millimetre ( mm ) <br> metre ( m ) | ruler $\square$ <br> metre ruler | Olympic Starters * I <br> Car Journey * <br> Oh! Harry! ** |



Spring term planning

| National curriculum objectives | Prior knowledge from year 2 | Learning outcomes lincluding WR steps) | Mathematical aspect | Vocabulary | Manipulatives | Problem solving resources |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| To Identify. represent and estimate numbers using different representations | Knows the symbols <br> of comparing numbers. <br> Uses the skill of estimation. | Maths resources for teachers / White Rose Maths <br> Steps II - <br> LO To estimate numbers on a numberline to I,000 | Number and place value: Estimating | more <br> less <br> greater than (>) <br> less than (<) <br> equal to <br> order <br> compare <br> estimate <br> exchange | Place value charts $\|\|\|\|\mid 1: ~$ <br> Place value counters <br> (1) 10 <br> 100 <br> Base ten equipment <br> Numicon | Take Three Numbers * <br> Planning a School Trip * <br> Number Differences * G <br> Sitting Round the Party Tables * <br> Number Match * G |
| Compare and order numbers up to 1,000 | Compares and orders on a number line. | Steps - 12 and 14 LO To compare numbers to 1,000 | Number and place value: comparing | more <br> less <br> greater than (>) <br> less than (<) <br> equal to |  | A Mixed-up Clock <br> That Number Square! * |

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|  |  | LO To order numbers to 1,000 <br> LO To count in 50's |  | order <br> compare <br> estimate <br> exchange |  | Three Neighbours <br> ** <br> Magic Vs ** <br> Square <br> Subtraction *** |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction | Knows efficient strategies for adding and subtracting for up to two 2-digit numbers. | Maths resources for teachers \| White Rose Maths Steps 11 - 18 <br> LO 1 know to add 2 numbers - no exchange <br> LO- I know to subtract 2 numbers no exchange <br> LO - I know to add 2 numbers - across 10 <br> LO I know to add 2 numbers across IOO <br> LOI know to subtract 2 digit numbers across 10 | Number: addition and subtraction | addition subtraction mental method column method exchange | Place value counters <br> (1) 10 <br> 100 <br> Base ten equipment <br> Numicon | Buying a Balloon <br> Super Shapes * <br> Strike it Out * G <br> Dicey Addition * G <br> Half Time * <br> Play to 37 * $\mathbf{G}$ <br> Build it Up *I <br> Finding Fifteen ** <br> Domino Square ** <br> Got It ** $\mathbf{G}$ <br> Make 37 ** <br> Consecutive Numbers ** <br> Dice in a Corner ${ }^{\star * *} 1$ |


|  |  | LO I know to subtract 2 numbers across 100 . <br> LO I know to add 3 digit numbers <br> LO I know to subtract 3 digit numbers |  |  |  | 4 Dom *** |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for 2digit numbers times I-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods | Knows table facts for 2,5 and IO. | Maths resources for teachers \| White Rose Maths <br> Steps 4 to 9 <br> Lo I know to multiply 2 digit by I digit number with no exchange <br> Lo I know to multiply a 2 digit by 1 digit number with exchange <br> Lol know the relationship between multiplication and division. | Number Multiplication: $2 \times 1$ digit | equal <br> multiply <br> divide <br> times-table <br> sharing <br> grouping <br> array <br> bar model <br> remainder <br> repeated addition <br> multiplication <br> sentence <br> division statement <br> division fact | Multilink <br> Place value counters <br> (1) 10 <br> Base ten equipment | A Square of Numbers * G <br> What Do You Need? * <br> Follow the Numbers ${ }^{\text {* }}$ I <br> What's in the Box? * <br> How Do You Do It? * Ip Dip *I <br> Journeys in Numberland *I <br> This Pied Piper of Hamelin ** |


|  |  | Lo 1 know to divide 2 digit by I digit with no exchange <br> Lol know to divide 2 digit by I digit with regrouing <br> Lo 1 know to divide a 2 digit by I digit number with remainders |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and nonunit fractions with small denominators | Knows that fractions are relative to the whole. <br> Knows that fractions are equal parts to the whole. | Maths resources for teachers \| White Rose Maths <br> Step 3 <br> LO I know what the numerator in a nonunit fraction represents. | Fractions: non unit fractions. | equal parts <br> whole <br> unit fraction <br> equation <br> integer <br> non-unit fraction <br> numerator <br> denominator <br> represent <br> share <br> group <br> mixed number <br> whole number <br> divide <br> set of objects <br> multiply <br> tenth <br> interval | Fraction tiles <br> Cuisenaire rods <br> Fractions circles <br> Numicon | Fraction Match * G Matching Fractions ${ }^{*}$ G |

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| Compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators | Knows simple equivalence in halves and quarters. <br> Knows thirds are three equal parts of a whole. | Step 5 <br> LO I Know to compare and order unit fractions | Fractions: compare and order fractions | equal parts whole unit fraction | Fraction tiles | $\text { Fraction Match }{ }^{\text {* }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and nonunit fractions with small denominators | Knows that fractions of amounts can be calculated using multiplication and division facts | Step 6 - 10 LO I know fractions and scales <br> LO I know fractions on a number line <br> LO I know how to count in fractions on a number line <br> LO I know equivalent fractions on a number line <br> LO I know equivalent fractions on a bar model. | Fractions equivalents | unit fraction equation <br> integer <br> non-unit fraction <br> numerator <br> denominator <br> represent <br> share <br> group <br> equivalent | Fraction tiles | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Matching } \\ & \text { Fractions } \end{aligned}$ |
| Measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes | Know how to measure a length, a mass, and a capacity in nonstandard | Maths resources for teachers \| White Rose Maths Length and perimeter | Measurement : perimeter | length <br> height <br> width <br> perimeter | ruler <br> Helix | Olympic Starters * <br> I <br> Car Journey *I |

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|  | units then standard units. | Step IO to 12 LOI know what a perimeter is <br> LO I know how to measure perimeter <br> LO I know how to calculate perimeter |  | distance <br> centimetre ( cm ) <br> millimetre ( mm ) <br> metre ( $m$ ) <br> unit of <br> measurement <br> measure | metre ruler <br> metre wheel. | Oh! Harry! ** |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24hour clocks | Know that time passes in cycles. Know the features of the clock face: hands, I to I2 positions, half past and o'clock. | Maths resources for teachers \| White Rose Maths Steps 1 - 5 LO I know Roman numerals to 12 <br> LO I know to tell the time to 5 minute intervals <br> LO I know to tell the time to 1 minute intervals <br> LO I know to read time on a digital clock | Measurement : Time | month <br> year <br> midnight <br> midday <br> am <br> pm <br> duration <br> estimate <br> consecutive <br> hour <br> minute <br> second <br> past <br> to <br> start <br> end <br> duration <br> digital clock <br> analogue clock | Numberlines for counting time <br> Digital display clocks | What Is the Time? <br> Clocks * <br> Two Clocks ** <br> The Time Is ... ** <br> 5 on the Clock *** <br> I <br> Approaching Midnight G |


|  |  | LO I know how to use AM and PM |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year | Knows the correct unit of measure and the equipment for each aspect of measurement. | Steps 6-7 and 10II <br> LO I know years, months and days. <br> LO I know days and hours <br> LO I know minutes and seconds <br> LO I know to convert between different units of time. | Measurement Time | past <br> to <br> start <br> end <br> month <br> year <br> hour <br> minute <br> second | Numberlines for counting time <br> Digital display clocks | What Is the Time? <br> Clocks * <br> Two Clocks ** <br> The Time Is ... ** <br> 5 on the Clock *** <br> Approaching Midnight G |
| Compare durations of events | Knows the correct unit of measure and the equipment for each aspect of measurement. | Steps $8-9$ and 12 <br> LOI know Hours and minutes - using start and end times <br> Lo I know hours and minutes - durations | Measurement: time | to <br> start <br> end <br> duration |  |  |


|  |  | LO I know solving <br> time problems |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Summer Term planning

| National curriculum objectives | Prior knowledge from year 2 | Learning outcomes (including WR steps) | Mathematical aspect | Vocabulary | Manipulatives | Problem solving resources |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Add and subtract numbers mentally. including: <br> - a 3-digit number and ones <br> - a 3-digit number and tens <br> - a 3-digit number and hundreds | Knows number bonds to and within 20 and to 100. | Maths resources for teachers \| White Rose Maths (whiteroseeducation.com) Step 19 <br> LO I know complements to 100. | Addition and subtraction | addition subtraction mental method column method exchange making 100 number bonds | Place value counters <br> (1) 10 <br> 100 ) 0000 <br> Base ten equipment <br> Numicon | Got It ** $\mathbf{G}$ <br> Make 37 ** <br> Consecutive Numbers ** <br> Dice in a Corner ${ }^{* * *}$ I <br> 4 Dom *** |
| Estimate the answer to a calculation and | Knows the operation to use | Step 20 | Addition and subtraction | addition subtraction |  | Build it Up *I |

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| use inverse operations to check answers | and chooses the efficient method. Knows facts to 100 using multiples of 10 | LO I know how to estimate answers. <br> Step 21 <br> LO I know to use the inverse operations |  | mental method column method exchange making 100 number bonds estimate inverse |  | $\frac{\text { Finding Fifteen }}{* *}$ <br> Domino Square |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction | Knows efficient strategies for adding and subtracting for up to two 2-digit numbers mentally and with recording appropriate to the strategy chosen. | Step 22 <br> Lo I know to chose the most efficient method to problem solve. | Addition and subtraction problem solving | addition subtraction mental method column method exchange making 100 number bonds estimate inverse |  | Buying a <br> Balloon * <br> Super Shapes * <br> Strike it Out * G <br> Dicey Addition * <br> G <br> Half Time * |
| Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for 2digit numbers times I-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods | Knows that multiplication is inverse to division. <br> Know the test of divisibility for 2, 5 and 10 . | Maths resources for teachers \| White Rose <br> Maths <br> (whiteroseeducation.com) multiplication and division B <br> Step 7-9 <br> LO 1 know to divide 2 digit numbers by I digit (no exchange) | Division | equal <br> multiply <br> divide <br> times-table <br> sharing <br> grouping <br> array <br> bar model <br> remainder <br> repeated addition <br> multiplication <br> sentence <br> division statement <br> division fact | Place value counters <br> Base ten equipment <br> Numicon | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ordering Cards } \\ & { }^{\text {G G }} \\ & \frac{\text { Music to My }}{\text { Ears }{ }^{*} \text { I }} \end{aligned}$ |


|  |  | LO I know to divide 2 digit numbers by I digit ( with exchange) <br> Lo 1 know to divide 2 digit numbers with remainders |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which $n$ objects are connected to $m$ objects | Know the test of divisibility for 2, 5 and 10 . <br> 3 -digit sum of 3 , 6 or 9 . | Step IO - II <br> LOI know how to scale problems <br> LO I know how to find all possibilities | Multiplication and division problem solving | equal <br> multiply <br> divide <br> times-table <br> sharing <br> grouping <br> array <br> bar model <br> remainder <br> repeated addition <br> multiplication <br> sentence <br> division statement <br> division fact | Place value counters <br> Base ten equipment | A Square of Numbers * G <br> What Do You Need? * <br> Follow the Numbers * I <br> What's in the Box? * <br> How Do You Do It? * Ip Dip *I <br> Journeys in Numberland * 1 <br> This Pied Piper of Hamelin ** |

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| - To recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators. | Knows how to calculate halves and quarters in the context of length, mass and capacity. | Maths resources for <br> teachers \| White Rose <br> Maths <br> (whiteroseeducation.com) <br> Steps I to 6 <br> LO I know to add fractions. <br> LO I know to subtract fractions. <br> LO I know to partition the whole into fractions. <br> LO I know to find fractions of a set of objects. <br> LOI know to find non-unit fractions of a set of objects. <br> LO I know to find fractions of amounts. | Fractions: <br> adding and <br> subtracting <br> fractions | equal parts <br> whole <br> unit fraction <br> equation <br> integer <br> non-unit fraction <br> numerator <br> denominator <br> represent <br> share <br> group <br> mixed number <br> whole number <br> divide <br> set of objects <br> multiply <br> tenth <br> interval | Fraction tiles <br> Cuisenaire rods <br> Fractions circles <br> Numicon | Fraction Match * G $\frac{\text { Matching }}{\text { Fractions }}{ }^{*}$ G |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both $£$ and $p$ in practical contexts | Knows the standard units of measure for length, mass, and capacity. | Maths resources for teachers \| White Rose Maths (whiteroseeducation.com) <br> Steps 1 to 5 <br> LO I know the values of pounds and pence | Measurement: <br> Money | pounds ( $£$ ) and pence (p) <br> convert <br> total <br> difference <br> change |  | How Much Did it Cost? ** |

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|l|l|}\hline & & & & & \\ \text { LO I know to convert } \\ \text { between pounds and pence }\end{array}\right]$

| whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle |  | LO I know to compare angles |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes | Knows the standard units of measure for length, mass, and capacity | Step 4 <br> LO I know to measure and draw accurately | Geometry : <br> Drawing lines | Line accurate cm mm | ruler |  |
| - Identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines | Knows symmetry is reflection in a vertical line. | Steps 5 and 6 <br> LO I know horizontal and vertical lines of symmetry <br> LO I know lines that are parallel and perpendicular. | Geometry: parallel, perpendicular and lines of symmetry | Parallel, perpendicular. Horizontal, Vertical | Mirrors | Overlapping Again ** |
| - Draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them | Know the mathematical names and properties of 2d and 3d shapes. | Steps 7 - 10 <br> LO I know to recognise and draw 2D shapes <br> LO I know to name and draw different 2D polygons <br> LO I I know to recognise and draw 3 D shapes <br> LOI know how to make 3D shapes | Geometry 2D and 3D shapes | triangle quadrilateral kite trapezium <br> rhombus parallelogram cuboid triangular prism square-based pyramid cone cylinder sphere edge face | $2 D$ and $3 D$ shapes | Building Blocks Triple Cubes * I Stick Images * G $\frac{\text { Rolling That }}{\text { Cube }}$ $\frac{\text { A Puzzling Cube }}{\text { * }}$ Arranging $\underline{\text { Cubes }{ }^{*} \text { G }}$ |

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|  |  |  |  | vertices clockwise anticlockwise |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{mm}$ ); mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (l/ml) | Knows the relationships between units of measure for length, mass, and capacity <br> Knows the standard units of measure for length, mass, and capacity. | Maths resources for teachers \| White Rose <br> Maths <br> (whiteroseeducation.com) <br> Steps I - II <br> LO I know to read and use different scales <br> LO I know to measure mass in grams <br> LO I know to measure mass in Kilograms and grams <br> LO I know to find equivalent masses (kilograms and grams) <br> LO I know to compare masses <br> LOI know to add and subtract masses <br> LO I know to measure capacity and volume in millilitres | Measurement: mass and capacity | mass <br> weigh <br> measure <br> scale <br> interval <br> gram (g) <br> kilogram (kg) <br> capacity <br> litre (l) <br> millilitre (ml) <br> scale <br> interval <br> convert | Non standard weights for measures | Olympic <br> Starters * 1 <br> Car Journey * I <br> Oh! Harry! ** |

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|  |  | LO I know to measure <br> capacity and volume in <br> litres and millilitres <br> LO I know equivalent <br> capacities and volumes |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

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|  |  | Lo I know to collect and present data in the most suitable way. <br> LOI know how to draw and interpret 2 way tables. |  |  |  | Now and Then ** <br> It's a Tie ** 1 <br> Real Statistics |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

